

L-GAGE® LE250/550 Dual Discrete Laser Gauging Sensors

Instruction Manual

Original Instructions
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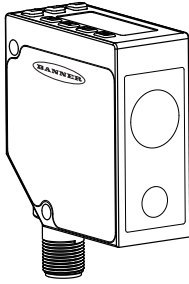
185600

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1 Product Description

Laser displacement sensor with dual discrete (switched) outputs



- Easy to set up and use with a 2-line, 8-character display
- Repeatability for challenging targets, from shiny metal to black rubber
- Various sizes of visible red laser, depending on target size, distance, and color characteristics
- Sensing range options up to 1 meter



WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

1.1 Models

Family	Range	Output	Laser Class	Connector
LE	550	I		Q
	550 = 100-1000 mm 250 = 100-400 mm	I = 4 to 20 mA analog and (1) NPN/PNP discrete U = 0 to 10 V analog and (1) NPN/PNP discrete D = (2) NPN/PNP discrete	Blank = Class 2 laser C1 = Class 1 Laser	Blank = 2 m Integral Cable Q = Rotatable M12/Euro-style QD QP = PVC M12/Euro-style Pigtail QD W/30 = 9 m Integral Cable
		NOTE: Discrete NPN/PNP is user configurable		<i>QD models require mating cordset</i>

Information about additional L-GAGE LE models, such as analog output models, is available at www.bannerengineering.com.

1.2 Overview

The L-GAGE LE250/550 Dual Discrete Laser Gauging Sensor is a visible, bore-sighted laser displacement sensor designed for precise, color-insensitive measurements. The LE series of sensors includes models covering various ranges, spot sizes, and measurement performance.

A 2-line LCD shows the real-time distance measurement, in either millimeters or inches, and provides an intuitive interface for easy sensor setup.

See [Factory Default Settings](#) on page 26 for a list of sensor default settings.

Models with current or voltage analog outputs are available.

1.2.1 Features and Indicators

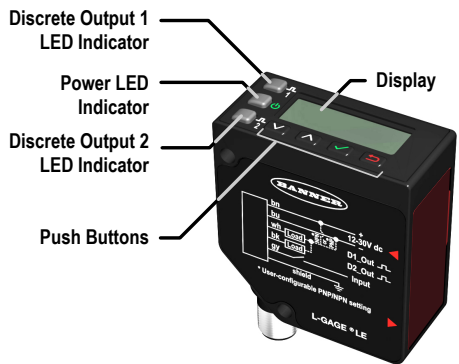


Figure 1. LE Dual Discrete Sensor Features

Three LED indicators provide ongoing indication of the sensing status.

Power LED Indicator

Solid Green = Normal operation, power On and laser On
 Flashing Green (1 Hz) = Power On and laser Off (laser enable mode)

Discrete Output LED Indicators

Solid Amber = Discrete Output is On
 Off = Discrete Output is Off

1.2.2 Display



Figure 2. LE550 Display in Run Mode

The display is a 2-line, 8-character LCD. The main screen is the Run mode screen, which shows the real-time distance measurement.

1.2.3 Buttons

Use the sensor buttons **Down**, **Up**, **Enter**, and **Escape** to program the sensor and to access sensor information.



Down and Up Buttons

Press **Down** and **Up** to:

- Access the Quick Menu from Run mode
- Navigate the menu systems
- Change programming settings

When navigating the menu systems, the menu items loop.

Press **Down** and **Up** to change setting values. Press and hold the buttons to cycle through numeric values. After changing a setting value, it slowly flashes until the change is saved using the **Enter** button.



Enter Button

Press **Enter** to:

- Access the Sensor Menu from Run mode
- Access the submenus
- Save changes

In the Sensor Menu, a check mark '✓' in the lower right corner of the display indicates that pressing **Enter** accesses a submenu.

Press **Enter** to save changes. New values flash rapidly and the sensor returns to the parent menu.




Escape Button

Press **Escape** to:

- Leave the current menu and return to the parent menu
- Return to Run mode from the Quick Menu



Important: Pressing **Escape** discards any unsaved programming changes.

In the Sensor Menu, a return arrow  in the upper left corner of the display indicates that pressing **Escape** returns to the parent menu.

Press and hold **Escape** for 2 seconds to return to Run mode from any menu or remote teach.

1.3 Laser Description and Safety Information



CAUTION: Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure. Do not attempt to disassemble this sensor for repair. A defective unit must be returned to the manufacturer.

1.3 Class 2 Laser Models



CAUTION: Never stare directly into the sensor lens. Laser light can damage your eyes. Avoid placing any mirror-like object in the beam. Never use a mirror as a retroreflective target.



For Safe Laser Use - Class 2 Lasers

- Do not stare at the laser.
- Do not point the laser at a person's eye.
- Mount open laser beam paths either above or below eye level, where practical.
- Terminate the beam emitted by the laser product at the end of its useful path.

Reference IEC 60825-1:2007, Section 8.2.

Class 2 Lasers

Class 2 lasers are lasers that emit visible radiation in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm, where eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses, including the blink reflex. This reaction may be expected to provide adequate protection under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Class 2 Laser Safety Notes

Low-power lasers are, by definition, incapable of causing eye injury within the duration of a blink (aversion response) of 0.25 seconds. They also must emit only visible wavelengths (400 to 700 nm). Therefore, an ocular hazard may exist only if individuals overcome their natural aversion to bright light and stare directly into the laser beam.

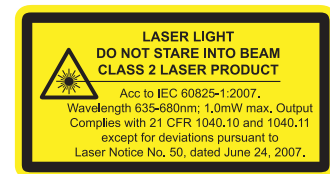


Figure 3. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 2)

1.3 Class 1 Laser Models

Class 1 lasers are lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.



Figure 4. FDA (CDRH) warning label (Class 1)

L-GAGE® LE250/550 Dual Discrete Laser Gauging Sensors

Laser wavelength: 650 nm **Output:** < 0.22 mW **Pulse Duration:** 150 μ s to 900 μ s

2 Sensor Installation



Note: Handle the sensor with care during installation and operation. Sensor windows soiled by fingerprints, dust, water, oil, etc. may create stray light that may degrade the peak performance of the sensor. Blow the window clear using filtered, compressed air, then clean as necessary using 70% isopropyl alcohol and cotton swabs or water and a soft cloth.

2.1 Sensor Orientation

Correct sensor-to-object orientation is important to ensure proper sensing. See the following figures for examples of correct and incorrect sensor-to-object orientation as certain placements may pose problems for sensing distances.

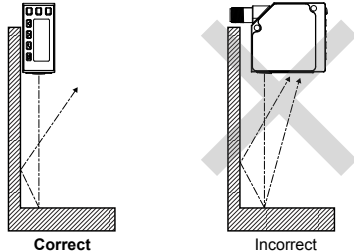


Figure 5. Orientation by a wall

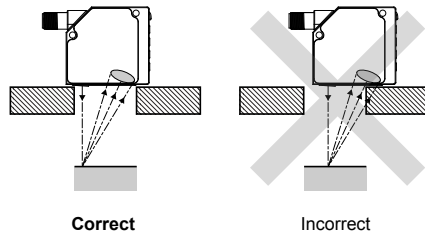


Figure 6. Orientation in an opening

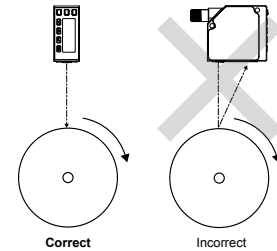


Figure 7. Orientation for a turning object

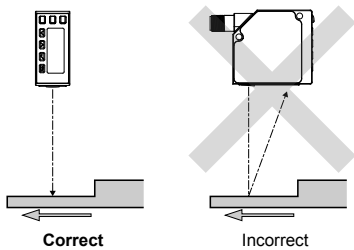


Figure 8. Orientation for a height difference

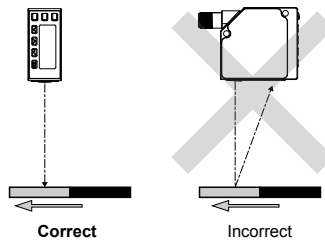


Figure 9. Orientation for a color or luster difference

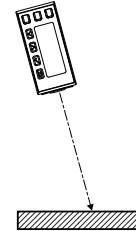


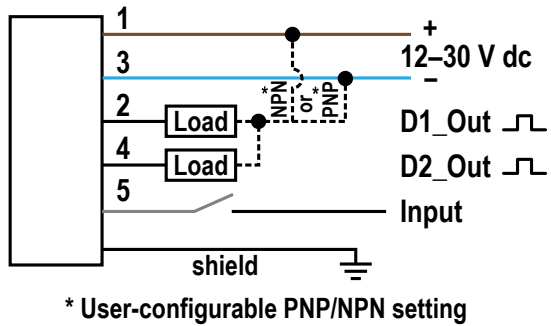
Figure 10. Orientation for a highly reflective target

Applying tilt to sensor may improve performance on reflective targets. The direction and magnitude of the tilt depends on the application, but a 15° tilt is often sufficient.

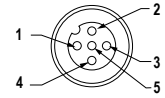
2.2 Sensor Mounting

1. If a bracket is needed, mount the sensor onto the bracket.
2. Mount the sensor (or the sensor and the bracket) to the machine or equipment at the desired location. Do not tighten at this time.
3. Check the sensor alignment.
4. Tighten the screws to secure the sensor (or the sensor and the bracket) in the aligned position.

2.3 Wiring Diagrams



Key



- 1 = Brown
- 2 = White
- 3 = Blue
- 4 = Black
- 5 = Gray

Figure 11. Dual Discrete Models

3 Sensor Programming

Program the sensor using the buttons on the sensor or the remote input (limited programming options).

From Run mode, use the buttons to access the Quick Menu and the Sensor Menu. See [Quick Menu](#) on page 9 and [Sensor Menu \(MENU\)](#) on page 10 for more information on the options available from each menu. For TEACH options, follow the TEACH instructions.

In addition to programming the sensor, use the remote input to disable the buttons for security, preventing unauthorized or accidental programming changes. See [Remote Input](#) on page 10 for more information.

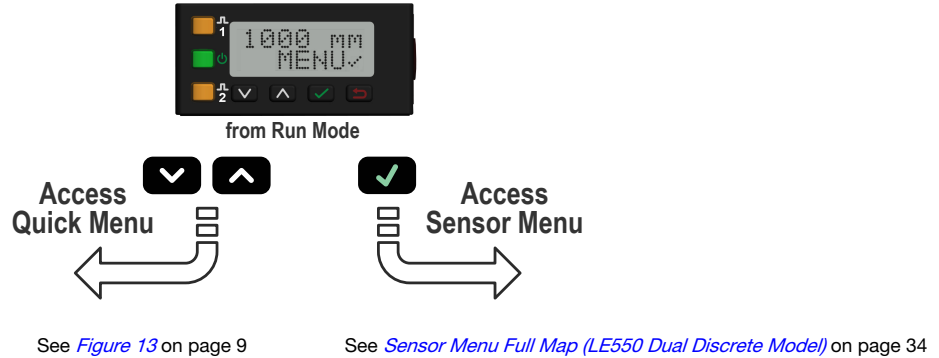


Figure 12. Accessing the Menus

3.1 Quick Menu

The sensor includes a Quick Menu with easy access to view and change the discrete output switch points. Access the Quick Menu by pressing **Down** or **Up** from Run mode. When in the Quick Menu, the current distance measurement displays on the first line and the menu name and the discrete output switch points alternate on the second line of the display. Press **Enter** to access the switch points. Press **Down** or **Up** to change the switch point to the desired value. Press **Enter** to save the new value and return to the Quick Menu.

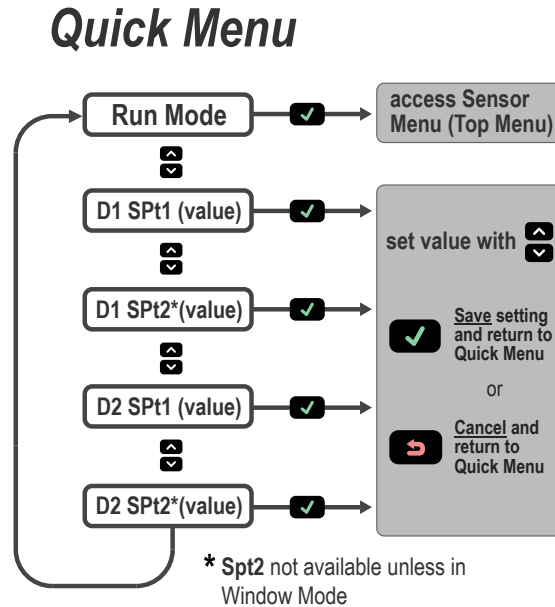



Figure 13. Quick Menu Map (Window Mode)

3.2 Sensor Menu (MENU)

Access the Sensor Menu by pressing **Enter**  from Run mode, when MENU is displayed. The Sensor Menu includes several submenus that provide access to view and change sensor settings and to view sensor information.

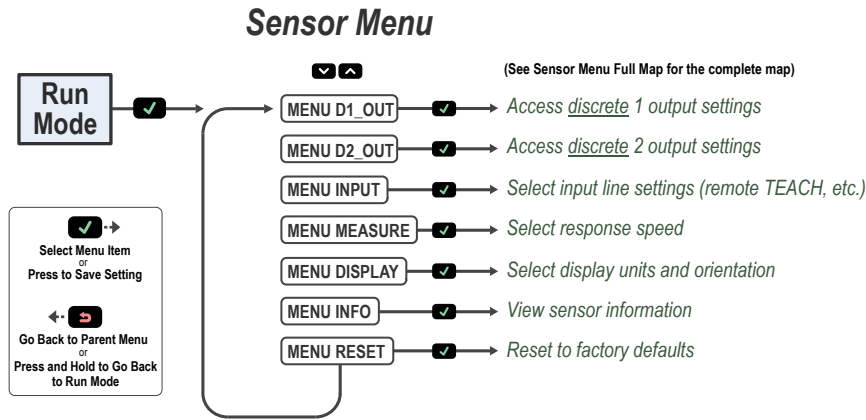


Figure 14. Sensor Menu Basic Map


See *Sensor Menu Full Map* and the Menu sections of this manual for more information.

3.3 Remote Input

Use the remote input to program the sensor remotely. The remote input provides limited programming options.

The remote input is Active Low by default. For Active Low, connect the gray input wire to ground (0 V dc), with a remote switch connected between the wire and ground. To use the Active High function, configure the sensor for Active High using the buttons on the sensor, then connect the gray input wire to V+ (12 to 30 V dc). Pulse the remote input according to the diagram and the instructions provided in this manual.

The length of the individual programming pulses is equal to the value **T: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds**.

Exit remote programming modes by holding the remote input low for > 2 seconds, or waiting for the automatic 60-second timeout, or by pressing and holding **Escape**  for 2 seconds. The sensor returns to Run mode without saving any new settings.

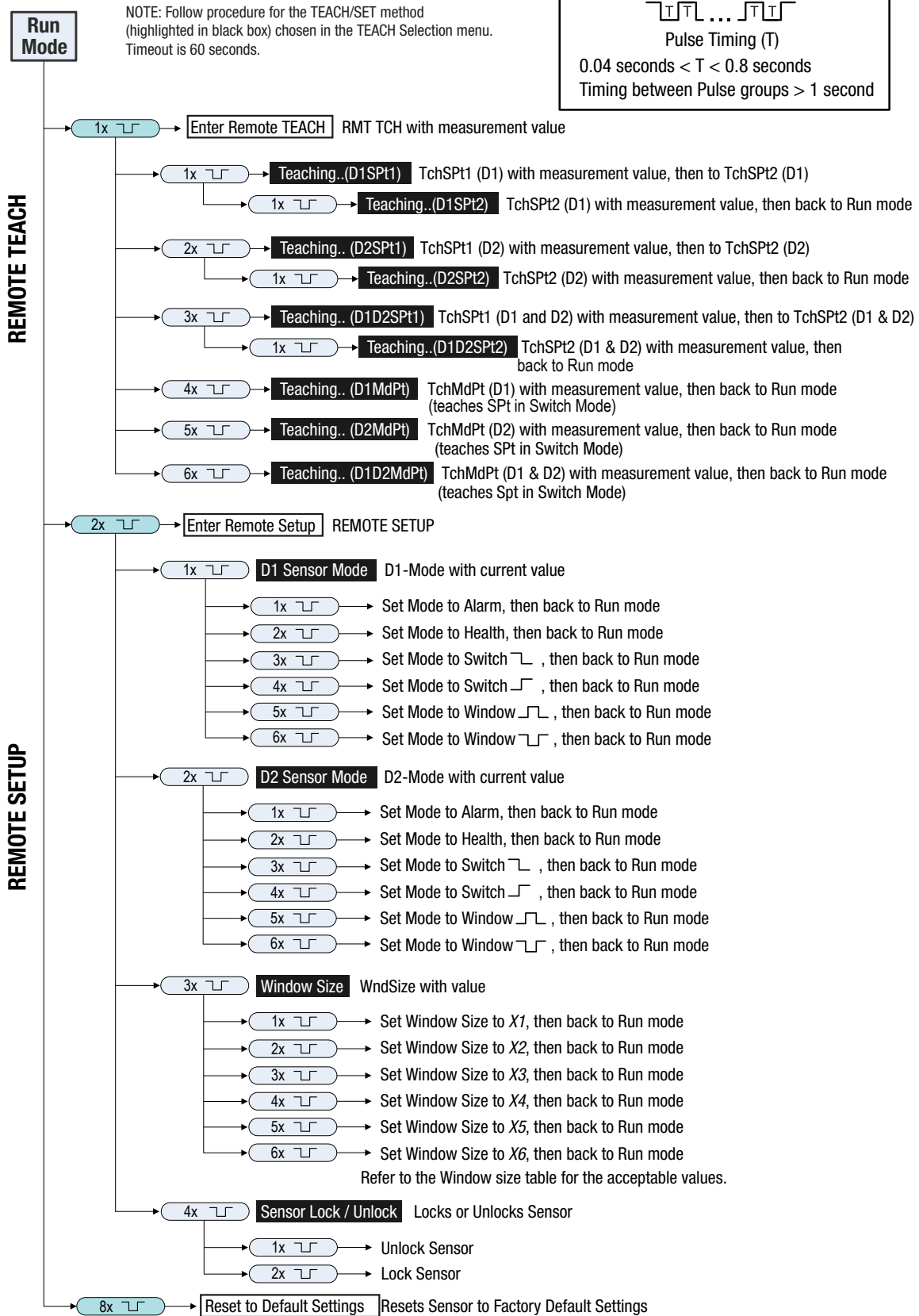



Figure 15. Remote Input Map



Table 1: Window Size (WndSize)

Variable	LE250 Models	LE550 Models	Variable	LE250 Models	LE550 Models
X1	1 mm	10 mm	X4	100 mm	300 mm
X2	10 mm	50 mm	X5	150 mm	500 mm
X3	50 mm	100 mm	X6	250 mm	800 mm

3.4 Locking and Unlocking the Sensor

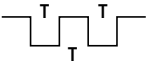
Use the lock and unlock feature to prevent unauthorized or accidental programming changes. A lock symbol  displays in the upper left corner of the display to indicate when the sensor is locked. When locked, the menus are available to view settings, but the values cannot be changed. The remote input is also disabled, except for the unlock function.

Button Instructions

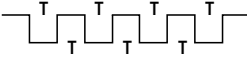
To lock or unlock the sensor using the buttons, press and hold **Down**  and **Escape**  simultaneously for 3 seconds.

Remote Input Instructions


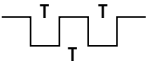
1. Access the setup mode.

Action	Result
Double-pulse the remote input. 	"REMOTE SETUP" displays.

2. Access the lock/unlock function.

Action	Result
Four-pulse the remote input. 	"LOCK" and the current status (unlocked or locked) display.

3. Lock or unlock the sensor.

Action	Result
Unlock : Single-pulse the remote line. 	" Unlocked " flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is unlocked.
Lock : Double-pulse the remote input. 	" Locked " flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode. The sensor is locked and the lock symbol displays in the upper left corner.

3.5 Discrete Output Menu (Dx_OUT)

Use this menu to view or change

- Setpoints
- Midpoint
- Mode
- Timers
- Polarity

The menu options are identical for D1_OUT and D2_OUT.

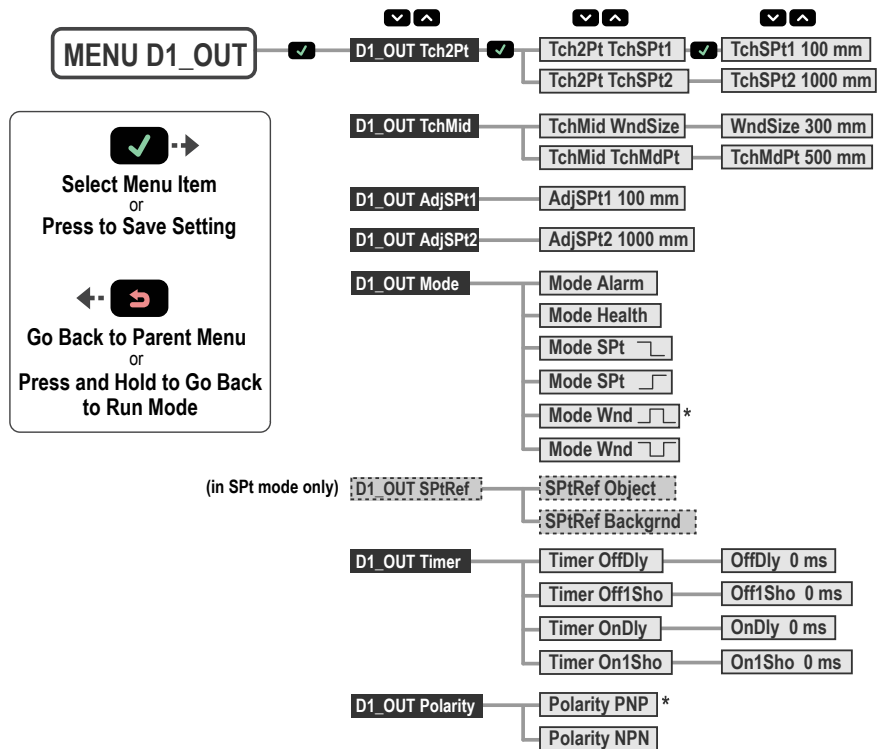


Figure 16. Discrete 1 Output Menu Map (Discrete 2 is identical)

3.5.1 Two-Point TEACH

The TchSPt1 and TchSPt2 options teach the desired switch points. When using the buttons, the switch points can be taught independently. Both values must be taught when using the remote input. The same TEACH menus exist for both the D1_OUT and D2_OUT, but the switch points are set independently.

Note: When in Switch mode, use *TEACH Switch Point* on page 17.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt1 and navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt2

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range..	The target's distance measurement value displays.


2. Access the TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt1 OR Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Tch2Pt > TchSPt2	The selected TEACH mode and " Teaching " display while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to the parent menu. TEACH Not Accepted "FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to the parent menu.

- Repeat steps 1 to 2 for the other switch point, if desired.

Remote Input Instructions

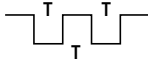
- Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input. 	"RMT TCH" and the current switch point value displays.

- Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the switch point one target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

- TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Double-pulse the remote input. 	"TchSPt1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor goes to "TchSPt2" and the current measurement value. TEACH Not Accepted "FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.

- Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the switch point two target.	"TchSPt2" and the target's measurement value display.

- TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input.	<p>"TchSPT2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>



3.5.2 Midpoint TEACH

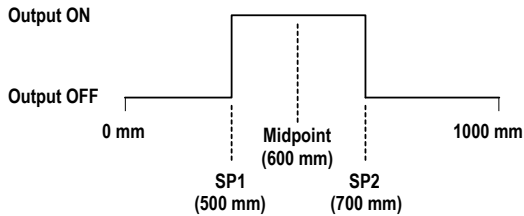


Figure 17. Window and Midpoint Example

The Midpoint TEACH uses both the window size and the TEACH midpoint to determine the actual measurement window. For example, a window of 200 mm with a midpoint of 600 mm places the measurement window from 500 mm to 700 mm.

To use Midpoint TEACH:

1. Set the window size.
2. Set the measurement window using [TEACH Midpoint](#) on page 16.

The Midpoint TEACH options for D1_OUT and D2_OUT are independent settings.

Window Size

The WndSize option sets the window size that the Midpoint TEACH uses to set the setpoint one and setpoint two thresholds.

The Midpoint TEACH fails if one of the setpoints is beyond the measurement range. The bigger the window size, the smaller the acceptable TEACH range.

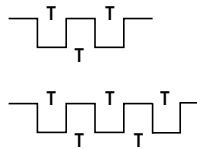
	LE250 Laser Sensor	LE550 Laser Sensor
Window Size Minimum	1 mm	10 mm
Window Size Maximum	250 mm	800 mm
Range	100 mm to 400 mm	100 mm to 1000 mm
Default Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > WndSize




Remote Input: Available

1. Access the setup mode.

Method	Action	Result
Push Button	Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > WndSize .	"WndSize" and the current window size value display.
Remote Input	<p>a. Double-pulse the remote input to enter setup mode.</p> <p>b. Three-pulse the remote input to enter window size mode.</p>	<p>a. "REMOTE SETUP" displays.</p> <p>b. "WndSize" and the current value display.</p>



2. Set the window size.

Method	Action	Result																								
Push Button	a. Use Down  and Up  to set the desired window size—the value changes in increments of 2. b. Press Enter  to save the new value.	a. "WndSize" and the new value display. b. The new value flashes and returns to "TchMid WndSize".																								
Remote Input (Sets A_OUT and D_OUT window Size)	Pulse the remote input 1 to 6 times to select the desired window size. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="3">Window Size</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Pulses</th> <th>LE250</th> <th>LE550</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1 mm</td> <td>10 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>10 mm</td> <td>50 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>50 mm</td> <td>100 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>100 mm</td> <td>300 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>150 mm</td> <td>500 mm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>250 mm</td> <td>800 mm</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Window Size			Pulses	LE250	LE550	1	1 mm	10 mm	2	10 mm	50 mm	3	50 mm	100 mm	4	100 mm	300 mm	5	150 mm	500 mm	6	250 mm	800 mm	The new value flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode.
Window Size																										
Pulses	LE250	LE550																								
1	1 mm	10 mm																								
2	10 mm	50 mm																								
3	50 mm	100 mm																								
4	100 mm	300 mm																								
5	150 mm	500 mm																								
6	250 mm	800 mm																								

TEACH Midpoint

The TchMdPt option sets the midpoint that determines the actual measurement window.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.


Action	Result
Present the target.	The target's distance measurement value displays.

2. Access the TEACH midpoint mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchMid > TchMdPt	"TchMdPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught. TEACH Accepted The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt". TEACH Not Accepted "FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "TchMid TchMdPt".

Remote Input Instructions

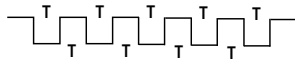
1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input. 	"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Five-pulse the remote input. 	<p>"TchMdpt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" and a warning message display, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>

3.5.3 Adjust Switch Point One

The AdjSPt1 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point one threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > AdjSPt1

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 100 mm for both the LE250 and LE550 models.

3.5.4 Adjust Switch Point Two

The AdjSPt2 option manually adjusts the value of the switch point two threshold for the Discrete Output when the sensor is in Window mode. The value is adjustable with the sensor's range. It is required to be maintain the minimum window size between switch points. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Switch, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > AdjSPt2

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 400 mm for LE250 models and 1000 mm for LE550 models.

3.5.5 TEACH Switch Point

The TchSPt option teaches the distance at which the switch point threshold is placed when the Discrete Output is in Switch mode. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchSPt

Remote Input: Available

Button Instructions

1. Present the target.


Action	Result
Present the target. The target must be within the sensor's range.	The target's distance measurement value displays.

2. Access the switch point TEACH mode and TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > TchSPt	<p>"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value is shown on the second line of the display and flashes before it is saved and the sensor returns to "Dx_OUT TchSPt".</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" and a warning message display, and the sensor returns to "Dx_OUT TchSPt".</p>

Remote Input Instructions

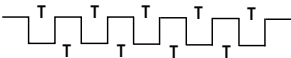
1. Verify the sensor is in Switch mode.
2. Access the TEACH mode.

Action	Result
Single-pulse the remote input. 	" RMT TCH " and the current measurement value display.

3. Present the target.

Action	Result
Present the target.	" RMT TCH " and the target's measurement value display.

4. TEACH the sensor.

Action	Result
Five-pulse the remote input. 	<p>"TchSPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 3, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>

3.5.6 Adjust Switch Point

The AdjSPt option manually adjusts the value of the switch point threshold for the discrete output when the sensor is in Switch mode. The value is adjustable within the sensor's range. This menu is not available when the sensor is in Window, Alarm, or Health mode.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > AdjSPt

Remote Input: Not available

Default: 100 mm for the LE250 and LE550 models

3.5.7 Mode





The Mode option sets the output to the desired mode.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Mode

Remote Input: Available

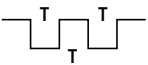
Default: Wnd  mode

The following table describes the sensor modes.

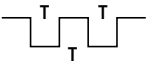
Mode	Description
Alarm	Alarm Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance. When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is On. This mode has no associated thresholds.
Health	Health Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected by the sensor at any distance. When a loss of signal occurs, the Discrete Output is Off. This mode has no associated thresholds.
SPt 	Switch Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold. When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off.
SPt 	Switch Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected nearer than the switch point threshold. When a target is detected farther than the switch point threshold or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.
Wnd 	Window Mode: The Discrete Output is On while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds. (Default) When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is Off.
Wnd 	Window Mode: The Discrete Output is Off while a target is detected between the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds. When a target is detected outside the SPt1 and SPt2 thresholds or the signal is lost, the Discrete Output is On.

Remote Input Instructions


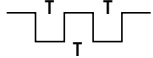
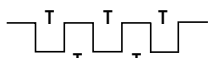





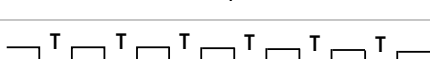

1. Access the setup mode.

Action		Result
Double-pulse the remote input.		"REMOTE SETUP" displays.

2. View the current mode.

Action		Result
Double-pulse the remote input.		The current mode displays.

3. Program the sensor.

Action		Result
Pulse the remote input 1 to 6 times to select the desired mode.		The selected mode flashes and the sensor returns to Run mode.
Pulses	Mode	
1 	Alarm	
2 	Health	
3 	Switch 	
4 	Switch 	
5 	Wnd 	
6 	Wnd 	

3.5.8 Switch Point Reference (SPtRef)

The SPtRef menu only displays for a discrete output when it is set to switch mode. The SPtRef settings, object or background, for the two discrete outputs are set independently. This setting cannot be changed with remote teach.

- **Object** (default). Object mode sets the switching threshold just past the location of the taught object, farther away from the sensor's face.
- **Background**. Background mode sets the switching threshold in front of the taught object, closer to the sensor's face.
- **Custom**. Custom mode allows the user to define the location of the switching threshold relative to a taught distance using the Offset menu that appears only after selecting Custom Switch Point Reference.

The distance between the surface of the taught object and the switching threshold varies depending on measurement strength and can be affected by target distance, color, reflectivity, etc. Use object mode when teaching an object if a change in state is required when the object is no longer present. Use background mode when teaching background so that the output state changes when a new object is in front of the background.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > SPtRef

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Background

3.5.9 Timer

The Timer option sets the delays and timers. On/Off Delays and On/Off One-Shot timers can be programmed between 1 to 9999 ms (a value of 0 disables the delay/timer). *Figure 18* on page 21 defines how the delays/timers affect the output behavior.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Timer

Remote Input: not available

Default: 0 ms for all timers

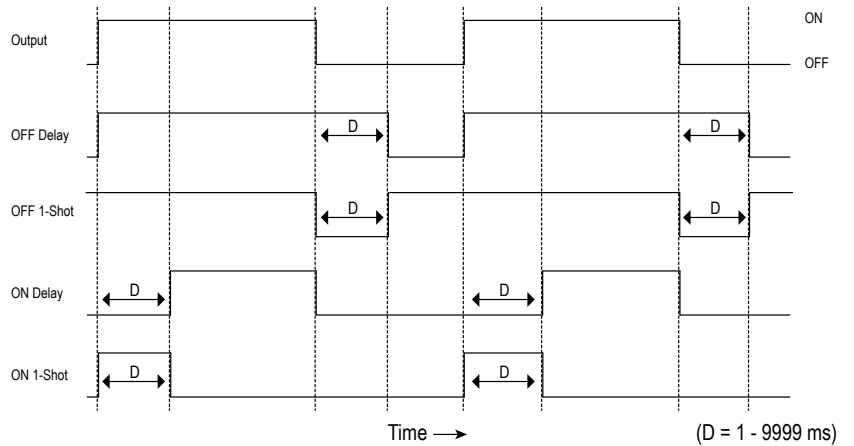


Figure 18. Delays/Timers

Some combinations of delays/timers are not allowed. The programming menu automatically disables invalid combinations of delays/timers. The following table shows the allowable combinations of delays/timers.

	Off Delay	Off One-Shot Timer	On Delay	On One-Shot Timer
Off Delay (OffDly)	OK	OK	OK	N/A
Off One-Shot Timer (Off1Sho)	OK	OK	N/A	N/A
On Delay (OnDly)	OK	N/A	OK	OK
On One-Shot Timer (On1Sho)	N/A	N/A	OK	OK

3.5.10 Polarity

The Polarity option sets the discrete output polarity to either PNP (current sourcing) or NPN (current sinking). The physical wiring of the sensor and the sensor polarity setting must match.

Polarity for the dual discrete models is connected between D1 and D2 so they are always either both PNP or both NPN. Changing one output setting is reflected in both D1_OUT and D2_OUT menus.

Navigate: MENU > Dx_OUT > Polarity

Remote Input: Not available

Default: PNP

3.6 Input Menu (INPUT)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Multi-function input type
- Active state of the remote input

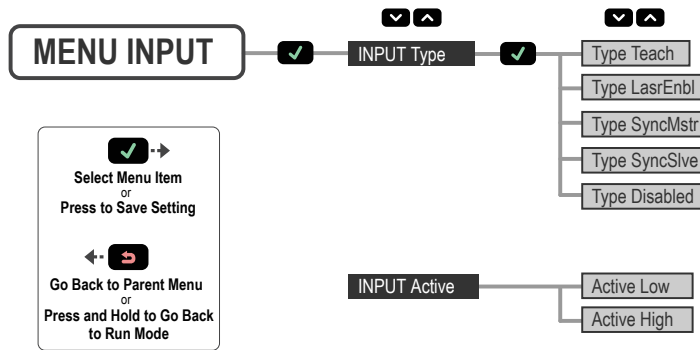


Figure 19. Input Menu Map

3.6.1 Input Type

The Type option sets the input type.

Navigate: MENU > INPUT > Type

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Teach

Input Type	Description
Teach	The remote input is used to TEACH and program the sensor. (Default)
LasrEnbl	The remote input is used to control when the laser emitter is On/Off.
SyncMstr	The remote input is used as the Master Sync output to an attached Slave sensor (see Sync Master/Slave on page 27).
SyncSlve	The remote input is used as the Slave Sync input from an attached Master sensor (see Sync Master/Slave on page 27).
Disabled	The remote input is disabled.

3.6.2 Input Active

The Active option sets the active state of the remote input. Use the Active options to change the active input to Low or High.

Navigate: MENU > INPUT > Active

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Low

Input Active	Description
Low	The remote input detects low (0 V) inputs and high-to-low transitions. (Default)
High	The remote input detects high (V+) inputs and low-to-high transitions.

3.7 Measure Menu (MEASURE)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Speed

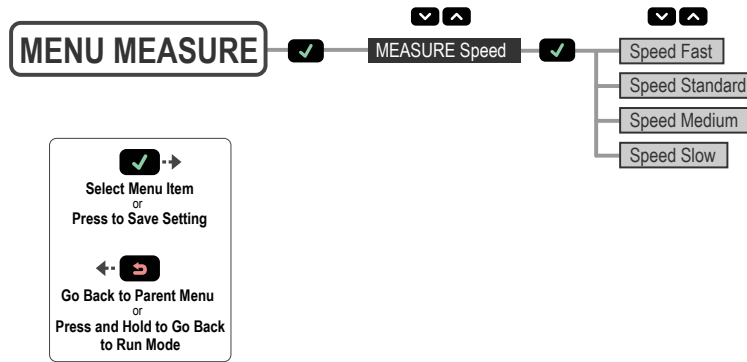


Figure 20. Measure Menu Map

3.7.1 Speed

The Speed option sets the speed at which the measurement is calculated. This process uses averaging in the digital processing of the signal to calculate the measurement. A slower speed increases the response time of the sensor but improves the repeatability. See [Figure 27](#) on page 31 for repeatability specifications for each speed.

Navigate: MENU > MEASURE > Speed

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Standard

Speed	Class 1 Laser Models		Class 2 Laser Models	
	Response Time	Response Time in Sync Mode	Response Time	Response Time in Sync Mode
Fast	2 ms	4 ms	2 ms	4 ms
Standard	10 ms (default)	20 ms	5 ms (default)	10 ms
Medium	30 ms	60 ms	15 ms	30 ms
Slow	100 ms	200 ms	50 ms	100 ms

3.8 Display Menu (DISPLAY)

Use this menu to view or change the:

- Display units
- Display orientation
- Sleep mode settings

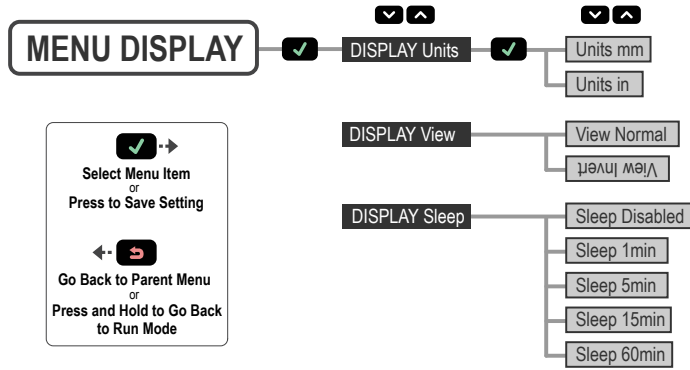


Figure 21. Display Menu Map

3.8.1 Units

The Units option sets the displayed units to millimeters (mm) or inches (in).

Navigate: MENU > DISPLAY > Units

Remote Input: Not available

Default: mm

3.8.2 View

The View option sets the display orientation of the sensor. For applications where the sensor must be mounted so that the display is not right-reading, invert the display for readability. The Down and Up buttons do not change when the display is inverted.

Navigate: MENU > DISPLAY > View

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Normal



Figure 22. LE550 Normal Display Orientation



Figure 23. LE550 Inverted Display Orientation

3.8.3 Sleep

The Sleep option sets when the display is put to sleep. Four timing options are available: 1, 5, 15, or 60 minutes. Sleep mode is disabled by default. Sleep occurs in Run mode and any menu. To wake the sensor and return to the last viewed mode or menu, press any button.

Navigate: MENU > DISPLAY > Sleep

Remote Input: Not available

Default: Disabled

3.9 Information Menu (INFO)

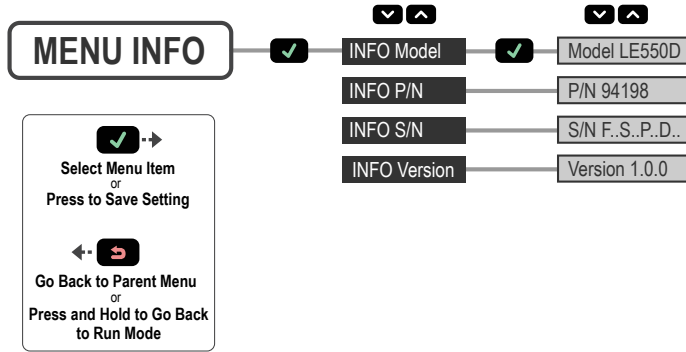


Figure 24. LE550 Information Menu Map

Use this menu to view model, part number (P/N), serial number (S/N), and firmware version (Version) information. Select one of these options to view specific information for your sensor. This information is read-only.

Navigate: MENU > INFO

Remote Input: Not available

3.10 Reset Menu (RESET)

Use this menu to restore the sensor to the factory default settings.

Navigate: MENU > RESET. Select Yes to apply the factory defaults; select No to return to the Reset option without changing any sensor settings.

Remote Input: Eight-pulse the remote input

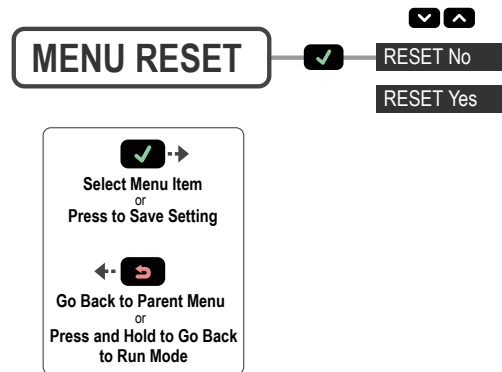



Figure 25. Reset Menu Map

3.10.1 Factory Default Settings

Discrete Output Settings	LE250	LE550
Adjust Switch Point One	100 mm	100 mm
Adjust Switch Point Two	400 mm	1000 mm
Mode	Wnd 	
Polarity	PNP	
Timer	0 ms for all timers	
Window Size	50 mm	300 mm

Input Settings	LE250 and LE550
Input Active	Low
Input Type	Teach

Measure Settings	LE250 and LE550
Speed	Standard

Display Settings	LE250 and LE550
Sleep	Disabled
Units	mm
View	Normal

4 Sync Master/Slave

Two LE250/550 Laser sensors may be used together in a single sensing application. To eliminate crosstalk between the two sensors, configure one sensor to be the master and one to be the slave. In this mode, the sensors alternate taking measurements and the response speed doubles.

1. Configure the first sensor as the master; navigate: **MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncMstr.**
2. Configure the second sensor as the slave; navigate: **MENU > INPUT > Type > SyncSlave.**
3. Connect the gray (input) wires of the two sensors together.


If using a combination of Class 1 and Class 2 laser models, the Class 1 laser model must be used as the master.

5 Additional Remote TEACH Procedures

5.1 TEACH Both Discrete Output Switch Points Together

Use the following procedure to teach both Discrete Output switch points at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons.

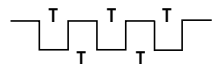
1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.		"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action		Result
Present the switch point one target.		"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.


3. TEACH the sensor.

Action		Result
Three-pulse the remote input.		<p>"D1D2Spt1 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and then "D1D2Spt2" and the current measurement value display.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>

4. Present the target.

Action		Result
Present the switch point two target.		"D1D2Spt2" and the target's measurement value display.


5. TEACH the sensor.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.		<p>"D1D2Spt2 Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>

5.2 TEACH Both Discrete Output Midpoints Together

Use the following procedure to teach an identical discrete output midpoint (switch point) for both D1_OUT and D2_OUT at the same time using the remote input. This feature is not available using the buttons. Note that if the window sizes were set independently (using the buttons), the windows taught using the following procedure could be different.

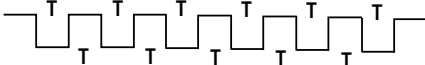
1. Access the TEACH mode.

Action		Result
Single-pulse the remote input.		"RMT TCH" and the current measurement value display.

2. Present the target.

Action		Result
Present the midpoint (switch point) target.		"RMT TCH" and the target's measurement value display.

3. TEACH the sensor.

Action		Result
Six-pulse the remote input.		<p>"D1D2MdPt Teaching" displays while the sensor is being taught.</p> <p>TEACH Accepted</p> <p>The new value displays on the second line of the display, flashes, and the sensor returns to Run mode.</p> <p>TEACH Not Accepted</p> <p>"FAIL" flashes, the sensor returns to step 2, and "RMT TCH" displays.</p>

6 Specifications

Supply Voltage (Vcc)

12 to 30 V dc

Power and Current Consumption, exclusive of load

Normal Run Mode: 1.7 W, Current consumption < 70 mA at 24 V dc

Supply Protection Circuitry

Protected against reverse polarity and transient overvoltages

Output Configuration

Discrete output rating: User configurable to dual discrete NPN or dual discrete PNP. The NPN/PNP polarity menus change both outputs.

Output Ratings

Discrete Output: 100 mA maximum (protected against continuous overload and short circuit)

OFF-state leakage current—PNP: < 10 µA at 30 V

OFF-state leakage current—NPN: < 200 µA at 30 V

Output saturation voltage—PNP outputs: < 3 V at 100 mA

Output saturation voltage—NPN outputs: < 1.6 V at 100 mA

Remote Input

Allowable Input Voltage Range: 0 to Vcc

Active Low (internal weak pullup—sinking current):

- High State > 4.3 V at 740 µA max.

- Low State < 1.3 V at 800 µA max.

Active High (internal weak pulldown—sourcing current):

- High State > 4.3 V at 1.7 mA max.

- Low State < 1.3 V at 1.6 mA max.

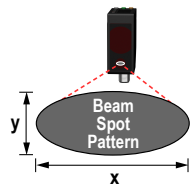
Measurement/Output Rate

Class 2 Laser Models: < 1 ms

Class 1 Laser Models (Fast): < 1 ms

Class 1 Laser Models (Std/Medium/Slow): < 2 ms

Typical Beam Spot Size¹



	Distance (mm)					
	LE250 Models			LE550 Models		
	100	250	400	100	550	1000
x	3.2	2.1	1.2	8.4	10.5	12.1
y	2.2	1.5	0.9	3.5	4.2	4.9

Sensing Beam

Class 2 laser models: visible red, 650 nm

Class 1 laser models: visible red, 650 nm

Sensing Range

LE250: 100 mm to 400 mm (3.94 to 15.75 inches)

LE550: 100 mm to 1000 mm (3.94 to 39.37 inches)

Minimum Window Size

LE250: 1 mm (0.039 inches)

LE550: 10 mm (0.39 inches)

Boresighting

LE250: 4 mm radius at 400 mm

LE550: 1 cm radius at 1 m

Maximum Torque

2 N·m (17.7 in-lbs)

Indicators

Power LED Indicator

Solid Green = Normal operation, power On and laser On
Flashing Green (1 Hz) = Power On and laser Off (laser enable mode)

Discrete Output LED Indicator

Solid Amber = Discrete Output is On

Off = Discrete Output is Off

Construction

Housing: die-cast zinc

Window: acrylic

Ambient Light Immunity

Class 2 laser models: > 10,000 lux

Class 1 laser models: > 5,000 lux

Response Time

	Class 1 Laser Models	Class 2 Laser Models
Fast ²	2 ms	2 ms
Standard	10 ms	5 ms
Medium	30 ms	15 ms
Slow	100 ms	50 ms

Delay at Power Up

2 s

Repeatability

See *Performance Curves*

Temperature Effect

See *Performance Curves*

¹ Beam spot size is calculated as 1.6 times the D4σ measured value

² Response time for lateral entry of object into measurement range < 5 ms

Environmental Rating

IEC IP67, NEMA 6

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -20 °C to +55 °C (-4 °F to +131°F)

Humidity: 90% at +55 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Storage Temperature

-30 °C to +65 °C (-22 °F to +149 °F)

Vibration/Mechanical Shock

All models meet Mil. Std. 202 G requirements method 201A. Also meets IEC 60947-5-2.

Application Note

For optimum performance, allow 10 minutes for the sensor to warm up

Certifications



UL Environmental Rating: Type 1

Required Overcurrent Protection



WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.

Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.

Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

For additional product support, go to

www.bannerengineering.com.

Supply Wiring (AWG)	Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)
20	5.0
22	3.0
24	2.0
26	1.0
28	0.8
30	0.5

6.1 Performance Curves

LE250 Dual Discrete Models

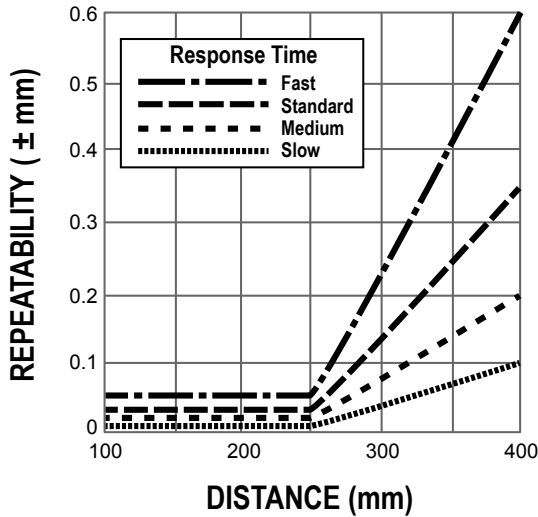


Figure 26. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)

LE550 Dual Discrete Models

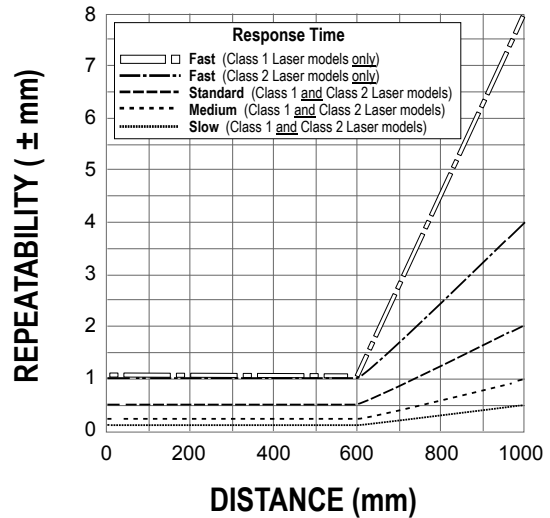


Figure 27. Repeatability (90% to 6% reflectance)

LE250 Dual Discrete Models

LE550 Dual Discrete Models

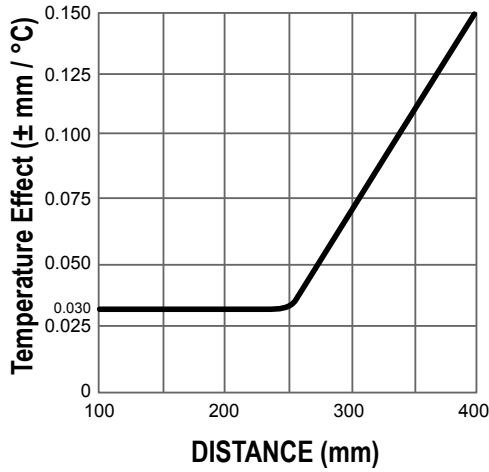


Figure 28. Temperature Effect

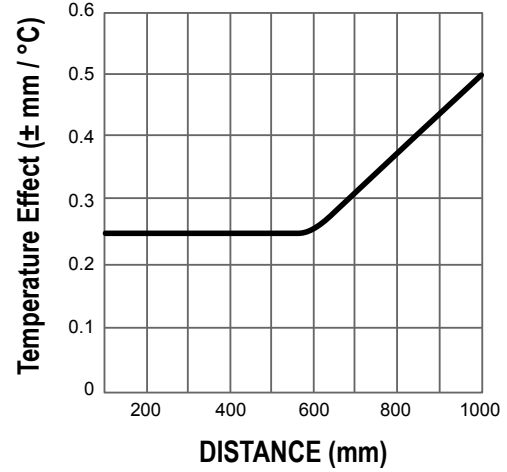
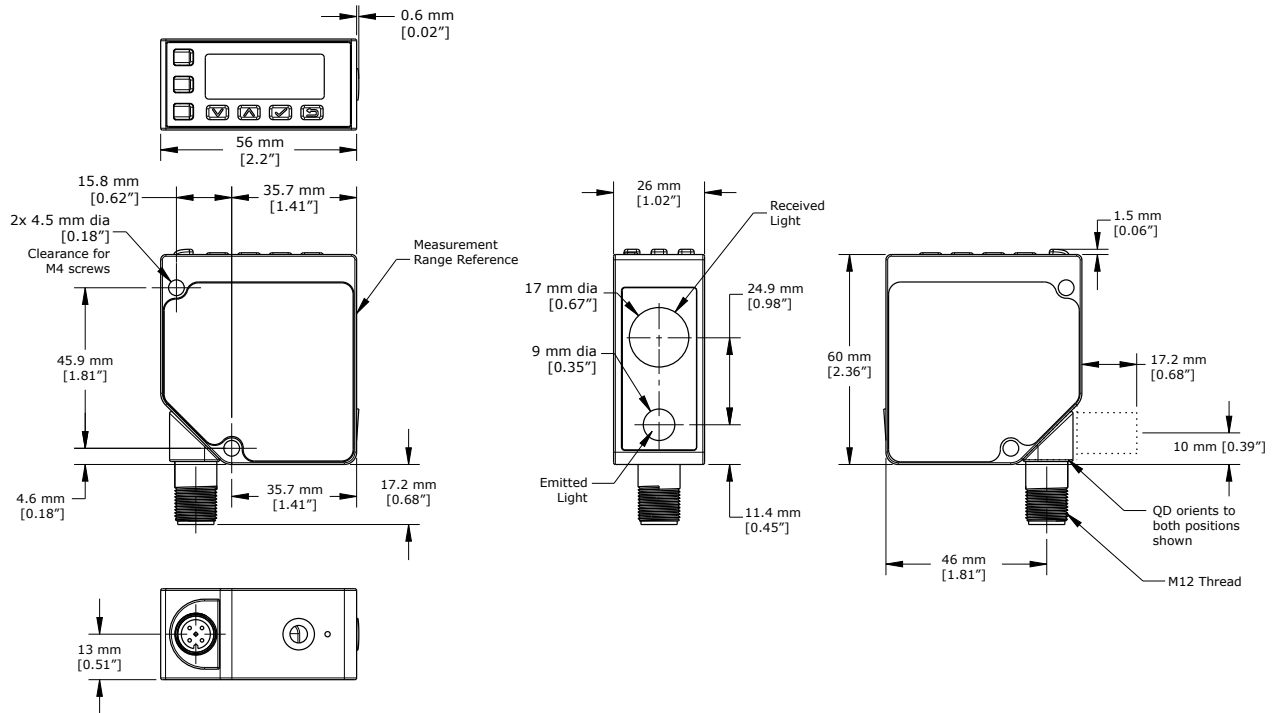


Figure 29. Temperature Effect

6.2 Dimensions

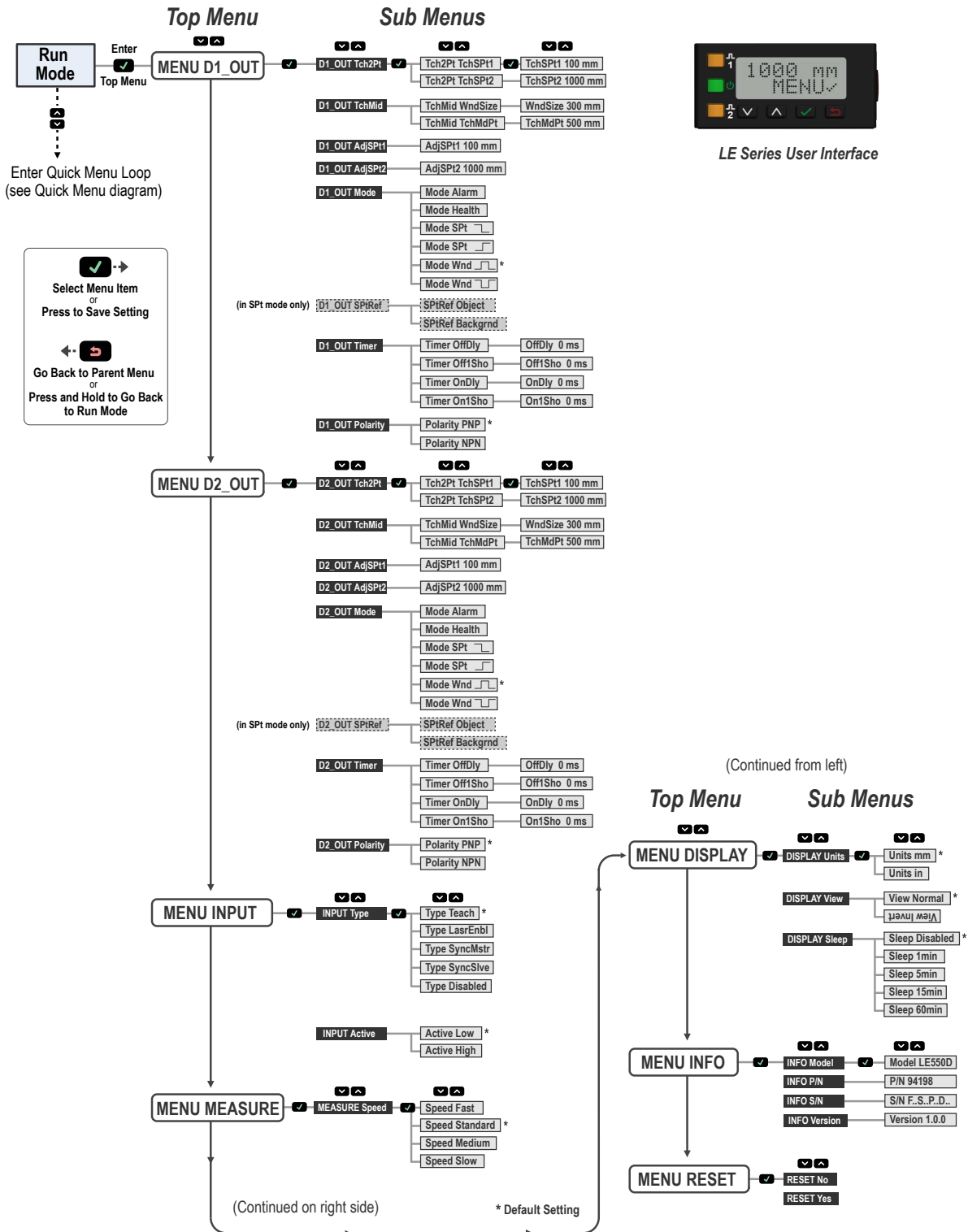
All measurements are listed in millimeters [inches], unless noted otherwise.



7 Troubleshooting

Message/Indicator	Description	Resolution
Fail/ Min Wnd OutRnge	The minimum window size is 1 mm for the LE250 models and 10 mm for the LE550 models. One point of the adjusted or taught window is out of range.	The sensor automatically returns to the previous setting.
Fail/ Out of Range	The TEACH failed, the target is out of range. The target might have moved out of range after the TEACH process began.	TEACH the switch point within the measurement range.
Fail/ Wnd out of Range	The window TEACH failed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The window is out of the measurement range. The target might have moved out of range after the TEACH process began. The window is too large. 	TEACH the window within the measurement range.
MIN Wnd xx mm (xx in)	The adjusted or taught window size is too small; the minimum window size is displayed.	The sensor automatically adjusts the window size to maintain the minimum window size and completes the adjust or TEACH operation.
OutRnge	The target is out of range, too dark, or the sensor is not measuring.	Move the target within the measurement range.
Power LED is flashing green	The sensor input is set to laser enable and the input is not active.	See Input Type on page 22.
Power LED is flashing red	The laser shut off, the Power LED flashes red and Output LEDs flash amber at 1Hz, and the display is blank. The laser has experienced a fault.	Contact Banner Engineering to resolve.
SPTx < Near or SPTx > Far	One of the switch points is located outside the sensor's range, either too close to the sensor or too far away.	The sensor automatically adjusts the invalid switch point to the end of range. Reduce the window size or change the teach location so both switch points are inside the valid range.
Type Sync Slave	The slave mode sensor does not see the master's pulse.	Verify the master mode sensor is configured and functioning properly. Check the input wire connection between the master and slave.

8 Sensor Menu Full Map (LE550 Dual Discrete Model)

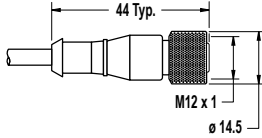
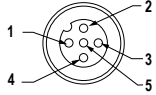
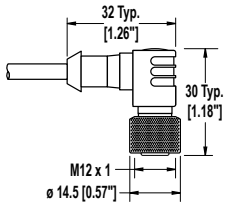


Note: See [Remote Input](#) on page 10 for remote input options.

9 Accessories

9.1 Cordsets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

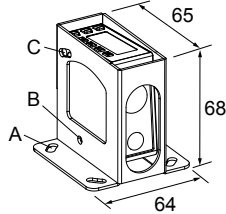
5-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets—with Shield				
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout (Female)
MQDEC2-506	1.83 m (6 ft)	Straight		 <p>1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black 5 = Gray</p>
MQDEC2-515	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDEC2-530	9.14 m (30 ft)			
MQDEC2-550	15.2 m (50 ft)	Right-Angle		
MQDEC2-506RA	1.83 m (6 ft)			
MQDEC2-515RA	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDEC2-530RA	9.14 m (30 ft)			
MQDEC2-550RA	15.2 m (50 ft)			

9.2 Brackets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

SMBLEU

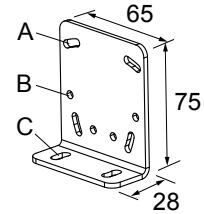
- Enclosed bracket
- 12 gauge stainless steel



Hole size: A = \varnothing 5 with 20° adjustability, B = \varnothing 4.5, C = \varnothing 4.5 with 10° adjustability

SMBLEL

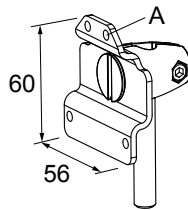
- Right-angle bracket
- 12 gauge stainless steel



Hole size: A = \varnothing 4.5 with 20° adjustability, B = \varnothing 4.5, C = \varnothing 5.7 with 20° adjustability

SMBLEFA

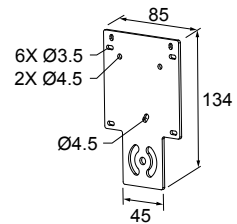
- Swivel plate bracket
- 12 gauge stainless steel



Hole size: A = 4x \varnothing 4.5

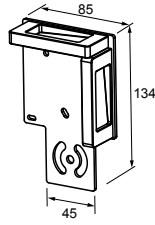
SMBAMSLTFP

- AMS mounting pattern
- 12 gauge stainless steel



SMBAMSLEIP

- Includes the mounting plate and two protective windows
- 90 plus degree rotation
- Window frames are black anodized aluminum; mounting plate is stainless steel
- The mounting plate, SMBAMSLTFP, can be ordered separately
- The replacement window, RWAMSLE, can be ordered separately



10 Banner Engineering Corp Limited Warranty

Banner Engineering Corp. warrants its products to be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year following the date of shipment. Banner Engineering Corp. will repair or replace, free of charge, any product of its manufacture which, at the time it is returned to the factory, is found to have been defective during the warranty period. This warranty does not cover damage or liability for misuse, abuse, or the improper application or installation of the Banner product.

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